

VOCABULARY 1

Verbs

move •••• taşınmak, hareket etmek

change · · · > değişmek, değiştirmek

produce ••• iretmek, meydana getirmek

die ····➤ ölmek

become · · · ▶ olmak

compose · · · > bestelemek

found •••• kurmak, inşa etmek

dream • • • • ▶ hayal etmek, rüya görmek

visit · · · · > ziyaret etmek

perform · · · > yapmak, uygulamak

graduate ••• > mezun olmak

learn · · · · ➤ öğrenmek

reward · · · ▶ ödül vermek, ödüllendirmek

discover · · · ▶ keşfetmek, bulmak

invent · · · > icat etmek

work · · · · ▶ çalışmak

light · · · · ▶ ışık saçmak, parıldamak

patent · · · · > patentini almak, patent almak

win ⋅⋅⋅⋅ kazanmak

award · · · · > ödül vermek, ödüllendirmek

Verb Phrases

raise children/ kids · · · · > çocukları büyütmek

live alone yanlız yaşamak

get a prize · · · · ▶ ödül almak

get engaged •••• nişanlanmak

grow up •••• büyümek

have a career kariye sahibi olmak

graduate from university •••• universiteden mezun olmak

get married •••• evlenmek

get retired •••• → emekli olmak

be born · · · · ▶ doğmak

win a medal •••• madalya kazanmak

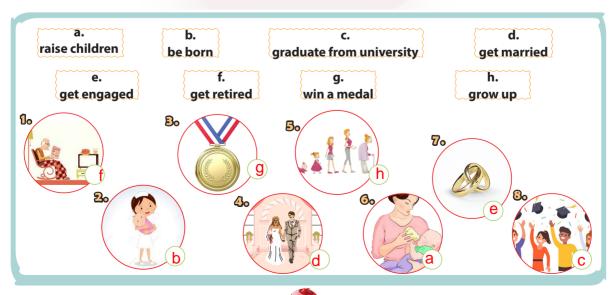




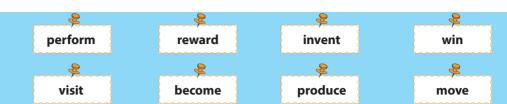
EXERCISES

1

Match the phrases with the pictures.



2 Complete the sentences with the verbs below.



- 1. I don't want to live here anymore. I want to <u>move</u> to a small town.
- 2. When did your father **become** an engineer?
- 3. Jack needs to practise more to <u>win</u> the gold medal.
- 4. You're a great tennis player. Your club should <u>reward</u> you.
- 5. Thomas Edison didn't invent the telephone.
- 6. Paul and Nancy usually <u>visit</u> their grandparents at the weekend.
- 7. The two companies <u>produce</u> neon lamps.
- 8. This dance is too difficult for me to <u>perform</u>.
- Circle the correct options in the sentences.
 - 1. Helen Miller wants to **patent** / **reward** her employees because they work extremely hard.
 - 2. Nora didn't **dream** / **graduate** from university last year.
 - 3. Some scientists can change / become the world by their discoveries and inventions.
 - 4. I want to **light** / **compose** music like Mozart.
 - 5. It's Stella's dream to win learn a gold medal one day.
 - 6. Will the basketball club invent / award the players for their success?
 - Marie Curie was a great scientist. She discovered / performed radium and polonium.
 - Kate and Rick usually found / vi museums at the weekend.

- Find the hidden word in each line. Then write it in the space.
 - 1. yfsdjsrtfwufoundlkstuybhw

found

2. drtwunjtyunsjpatentloweq

patent

3. ggamlkxhsnsewgraduatelo

graduate

4. xzsnmsweopljkiproducelxx

produce

5. eiinventklrtusdybshewnzxc

invent

6. plmrewardlkjhydnmswklsn

reward

7. mkpocomposeoseocnweuy

compose

8. jkldrtsnbweklszdiscoverkz

discover



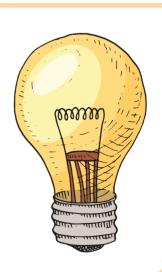
VOCABULARY 2

Nouns		citizen	•••• vatandaş
person	· · · > kişi	patent	•••• patent
physics	···> fizik	transformer	•••• transformatör, dönüştürücü
grandchild	· · · > torun	fluorescent	· · · > floresan, floresant
invention	··· > icat	generator	· · · > jeneratör, dinamo
discovery	•••> buluş	communication	···> iletişim
project	···> proje	country	···> ülke
biography	•••• biyografi, yaşam öyküsü	science	···> bilim
electricity	· · · > elektrik	college	· · · > kolej
education	···> eğitim	instrument	•••• enstrüman, alet
birth	· · · > doğum	competition	· · · > yarışma
childhood	· · · > çocukluk	talent	•••• yetenek
profession	•••• meslek, uzmanlık alanı	government	· · · > hükümet
success	•••• başarı	parent	•••• ebeveyn, anne/baba
device	· · · > alet, aygıt	award	···> ödül
history	•••• tarih	prize	···> ödül, armağan
field	· · · > alan, bilim dalı	influence	•••> etki
career	· · · > kariyer	state	· · · > devlet
homework	•••• ev ödevi	republic	· · · > cumhuriyet
language	···> dil	company	···> şirket
engineering	· · · > mühendislik	example	···> örnek
bulb	· · · > lamba	honour	···> onur
war	· · · > ampul		



EXERCISES

- 1 Circle the correct option in each sentence.
 - 1. Jeremy works in an international award / company
 - 2. Nora speaks four different foreign languages / examples.
 - 3. I want to write a **generator** / **biography** of my grandfather.
 - 4. I think the telephone is a great **fluorescent** / (invention)
 - 5. I want to enter a swimming **competition** influence.
 - 6. People shouldn't waste electricity/honour.
 - 7. Many soldiers died in the wars / discoveries in history.
 - 8. Dorothy has got three sons and ten **grandchildren** bulbs.





Write the words next to the correct definitions.

country influence citizen generator

talent government patent competition

- 1. an organized event in which people try to win a prize
- 2. the official legal right to make or sell an invention
- 3. the group of people who officially control a country
- 4. (someone who has) a natural ability to be good at something
- 5. a machine that produces electrical power
- 6. a person who is a member of a particular country
- 7. the power to have an effect on people or things
- 8. an area of land that has its own government, army, etc.

competition

patent

government

talent

generator

citizen

influence

country

Match the words with the pictures.





VOCABULARY 3

PROFESSIONS / PEOPLE

writer • • • • yazar •••• piyanist pianist •••• fizikçi physicist engineer •••• mühendis inventor •••• mucit, kaşif commander · · · > komutan, kumandan warrior • • • > savaşçı admiral •••• amiral president •••• başkan artist · · · · > ressam scientist •••• bilim adamı

NOUN PHRASES

radio wave
electric motor
remote controller
neon lamp
radar system
fine arts
jury member
music festival
honour award

radio dalgası
elektrik motoru
rezaktan kumanda aygıtı
neon lambası
radar sistemi
radar sistemi
jüri üyesi
müzik festivali
honour award
x-ışını



EXERCISES

1 Match the words with the pictures.

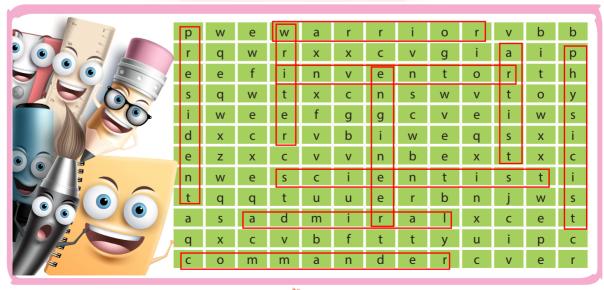


Complete the sentences with the phrases below. music festival jury member fine arts honour award radio waves radar system X-rays neon lamp radar system We need radio waves to activate this ___ This project is excellent. I think you deserve our honour award 2. X-rays ____ to take a picture of your internal organs. This scan uses _ 4. My sister is a <u>jury member</u> in a music competition. A <u>neon lamp</u> contains a mixture of gases that generates light. 5. Sally had her _____ fine arts degree last year. I think she has great artistic abilities. I attended a <u>music festival</u> yesterday. There were many world-famous singers. 7. They use radio waves 8. to find the position of objects in this system.

Order the letters in the brackets. Then complete the sentences.

1.	The <u>commander</u> (mancomder) had a new strategy for his army.
2.	My mother received an honour award (nohour arawd) for her scientific achievements last year.
3.	Tracy Simson is a very popular <u>pianist</u> (anpiist) in our city.
4.	You're very good at drawing and painting. I think you'll be a great (tiarst) one day.
5.	There are two top politicians in our country. Both want to be the <u>president</u> (sideprent) in the next election.
6.	There are four <u>jury members</u> (rjuy bermems) in the new talent show.
7.	When did the (miradal) join the Navy?
8.	Albert Einstein was a brilliant <u>scientist</u> (ysicphist).

4 Find the 10 words in the word-search puzzle.





VOCABULARY 4

Adjectives

alone · · · · > yalnız •••• müzikal, müzikle ilgili musical brilliant •••• harika, zeki, parlak important •••• önemli, mühim interesting · · · · > ilginç famous · · · · **>** ünlü hardworking · · · > çalışkan well-known •••• > tanınmıs, tanınan national •••• milli, ulusal wireless · · · · **>** kablosuz international • • • • > uluslararası successful · · · · > başarılı



EXERCISES

- 1 Put the letters into the correct order to find the words. Then complete the adjectives.
 - 1. There isn't a <u>wireless</u> (eleswirs) connection in this building.
 - 2. Nancy trains very hard to be a <u>national</u> (ionatnal) basketball player.
 - 3. The football match yesterday was quite <u>interesting</u> (restinteing).
 - 4. Marie Curie was a <u>Successful</u> (cesssucful) scientist.
 - 5. Her grandfather lived _____ (onale) in a small house.
 - 6. Nicola Tesla had <u>brilliant</u> (Iliabrint) ideas and theories.
 - 7. Jack wants to enter the next international (ernatiointnal) swimming competition.
 - 8. Rose plays three <u>musical</u> (sicamul) instruments.
- Write the words next to correct definitions.

brilliant important hardworking well-known national successful interesting international interesting something that keeps your attention 1. hardworking always putting a lot of effort and care into your work 2. 3. successful achieving the results wanted international 4. involving more than one country national relating to or typical of a whole country and its people 5. important having a great effect or influence 6. well-known 7. known or recognized by many people brilliant 8. extremely intelligent or skilled

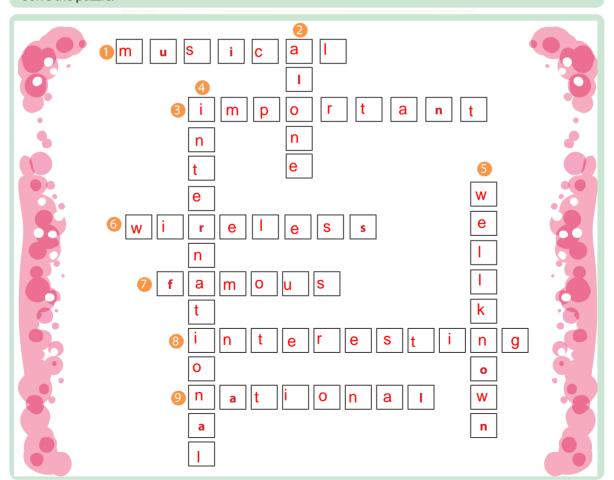


Complete the sentences with the words below.

alone hardworking interesting wireless well-known brilliant international national Marta isn't lazy. She is hardworking

- 1.
- well-known . Only a few people know him. My brother is an actor, but he isn't _ 2.
- alone 3. I don't want to live . I want to live with my family.
- national Fernando was a _ athlete in my country ten years ago. 4.
- wireless There aren't any 5. devices in my house.
- brilliant Albert Einstein was a ___ scientist. He had important discoveries and theories. 6.
- Judy entered a big <u>international</u> competition in China last year. 7.
- This place isn't <u>interesting</u>. It's really boring. 8.

Solve the puzzle.



VOCABULARY TEST

1-7: For these questions, choose the correct options to fill in the blanks.



- (A) produce
 - B) compose
 - C) graduate
- D) become
- 2. My brother wants to _____ how to play the guitar.
 - A) invent
- B) discover
- C) reward
- D) learn
- 3. Matilda: When did your sister _____?

Jessica: Yesterday. Her wedding ceremony is next month.

- A) have a career
- B) get a prize
- c) raise children
- (D))get engaged
- 4. Hannah tried very hard, but she didn't ______ . She needs to train harder for the next competition.
 - A) live alone
 - B) win the medal
 - C) get retired
 - D) graduate

5. Fred: I want to write a biography of my grandparents.

Ricky : That's a _____ idea. I can help you how to write it.

- (A) brilliant
- B) wireless
- C) famous
- D) international

- 6. Thomas Edison was a great ______ . He created the first light bulb.
 - A) warrior
- (B) inventor
- C) writer
- D) president

7. When did v

When did you _____

Last year.



- A) dream
- C) graduate
- B) performD) found



Which of the following DOES NOT complete one of the gaps in the text?

- (A) language
- B) scientist
- C) moved
- D) discovered

9.



My two sons ______in a small city.

Which option completes the sentence?

- A) won a medal
- (B))grew up
- C) got a prize
- D) got retired

10.

Professions		
- writer		
- pianist		
- artist		

Which option is suitable to add to the list?

- A) honorary
- B) republic
- C)engineer
- D) government

11.

I. scientist	a. paintings
II. country	b. discovery
III. fine arts	c. citizen
IV. success	d. education

Choose the best option to match the two parts.

- A) I-c / II-a / III-d / IV-b
- B) I-b / II-c / III-a / IV-d
- C) I-a / II-b / III-c / IV-d
- D) I-d / II-b/ III-a /IV-c

12.

live	
get	
win	
raise	

Choose the correct option to complete the phrases above.

- A) university / married / career / physics
- B) electricity / education / engineering / fluorescents
- (C))alone / engaged / a medal / kids
- D) communication / governments / influence / honorary

13.



Which of the following words IS NOT related to one of the pictures above?

- A) award
- B) instrument
- C) artist
- Dgenerator
- 14. My father is a <u>successful scientist</u>. He received an <u>honour</u> award <u>yesterday because</u> of his scientific works. I'm very happy for his bulb.

Which underlined word is ODD in the text?

- A) successful
- B) scientist
- C) honour
- (D) bulb



GRAMMAR 1

was / were

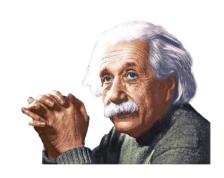
- "was / were" are the past tense of the verb "to be".
- We use "was" in the first person singular (I) and the third person singular (he, she, it).
- We use "were" in the second person singular and plural (you) and first and third person plural (we, they).

Positive	Negative	Question	Short Answers
I was tired yesterday.	I wasn't tired yesterday.	Was I tired yesterday?	Yes, I was./I wasn't.
You were tired yesterday.	You weren't tired yesterday.	Were you tired yesterday?	Yes, you were ./No, you weren't .
He was tired yesterday.	He wasn't tired yesterday.	Was he tired yesterday?	Yes, he was./No, he wasn't .
She was tired yesterday.	She wasn't tired yesterday.	Was she tired yesterday?	Yes, she was ./No, she wasn't .
It was tired yesterday.	It wasn't tired yesterday.	Was it tired yesterday?	Yes, it was./No, it wasn't.
We were tired yesterday.	We weren't tired yesterday.	Were we tired yesterday?	Yes, we were./No, we weren't.
You were tired yesterday.	You weren't tired yesterday.	Were you tired yesterday?	Yes, you were./No, you weren't.
They were tired yesterday.	They weren't tired yesterday.	Were they tired yesterday?	Yes, they were./No, they weren't.



EXERCISES

- Complete the sentences with "was" or "were".
 - 1. My grandfather <u>Was</u> a soldier in the army.
 - 2. Were you born in London?
 - 3. Albert Einstein Was a brilliant scientist.
 - 4. His project <u>Was</u> very successful.
 - 5. They <u>Were</u> well-known people in my city.
 - 6. Marta and Fred <u>Were</u> successful students at school.
 - 7. Lora's parents <u>Were</u> engineers.
 - 8. It <u>Was</u> an important award for me.



- 2 Circle the correct options in the sentences.
 - 1. Tanya weren't / wasn't happy in London.
 - 2. **(Were)**/ **Was** Ray and Maya artists?
 - 3. When was / were your children born?
 - 4. How old **was** / were you last year?
 - 5. What were / was the name of the event?
 - 6. How was were the music festival?
 - 7. They wasn't /weren't hardworking students.
 - 8. Nelly wasn't weren't a national athlete.





GRAMMAR 2

Simple Past Tense

- We use the simple past tense to show that a completed action took place at a specific time in the past.
- We usually use this tense to talk about past habits and generalizations.
- For regular verbs, we use the "**verb + ed**" to form affirmative sentences. However, this rule does not work for irregular verbs. It will be useful for you to study the irregular verb list.



REGULAR VERBS

Positive	Negative	Question	Short Answers
I watched TV yesterday.	I didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did I watch TV yesterday?	Yes, I did./I didn't.
You watched TV yesterday.	You didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did you watch TV yesterday?	Yes, you did ./No, you didn't.
He watched TV yesterday.	He didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did he watch TV yesterday?	Yes, he did ./No, he didn't .
She watched TV yesterday.	She didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did she watch TV yesterday?	Yes, she did ./No, she didn't .
It watched TV yesterday.	It didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did it watch TV yesterday?	Yes, it did ./No, it didn't .
We watched TV yesterday.	We didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did we watch TV yesterday?	Yes, we did ./No, we didn't .
You watched TV yesterday.	You didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did you watch TV yesterday?	Yes, you did ./No, you didn't .
They watched TV	They didn't watch TV yesterday.	Did they watch TV yesterday?	Yes, they did ./No, they didn't .
yesterday.			



IRREGULAR VERBS

Positive	Negative	Question	Short Answers
I won a medal in 2010.	I didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did I win a medal in 2010?	Yes, I did./I didn't.
You won a medal in 2010.	You didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did you win a medal in 2010?	Yes, you did ./No, you didn't .
He won a medal in 2010.	He didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did he win a medal in 2010?	Yes, he did ./No, he didn't .
She won a medal in 2010.	She didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did she win a medal in 2010?	Yes, she did ./No, she didn't .
It won a medal in 2010.	It didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did it win a medal in 2010?	Yes, it did ./No, it didn't .
We won a medal in 2010.	We didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did we win a medal in 2010?	Yes, we did./No, we didn't.
You won a medal in 2010.	You didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did you win a medal in 2010?	Yes, you did ./No, you didn't .
They won a medal in 2010.	They didn't win a medal in 2010.	Did they win a medal in 2010?	Yes, they did ./No, they didn't .

Time Expressions

- last night /week /month /year /Sunday / summer
- an hour / a week/year/day ago two days / years / months ago / ten minutes ago
- yesterday / yesterday morning / yesterday afternoon / yesterday evening / the day before yesterday
- in 2002 / in 1999 / in 2013 / in 1968

ATTENTION

- We use the infinities of purpose to express purpose (to answer why?).
- We can use this structure with all tenses.

Examples!

A: Why did you move to America?

B: I moved there to study at university.

A: Why did you go to the supermarket?

B: I went to the supermarket to buy some food.



- 1 Use the correct forms of the verbs in the brackets to complete the sentences.
 - 1. Tony <u>became</u> (become) a doctor last year.
 - 2. When did you visit (visit) your grandfather?
 - 3. We <u>went</u> (go) to the park yesterday.
 - 4. Who invented (invent) the light bulb?
 - 5. Mozart <u>Composed</u> (compose) incredible pieces of music during his lifetime.
 - 6. He didn't patent (not patent) a new device last year.
 - 7. Terry graduated (graduate) from university two months ago.
 - 8. When <u>did</u> her grandfather <u>die</u> (die)?

2 Complete the sentence with the words below.

	in	ago	yesterday	last	hour	1995	afternoon	before
1.	Nelly's	grandfather	died one year	ago	·			
2.	What d	id you do ye	sterday aft		?			
3.			aar trie aay	before	yesterd	ay.		
4.	Daniel didn't perform a play <u>yesterday</u> .							
5.	Marla and Kate finished university in 2016.							
6.	They awarded their top player in1995							
7.	My son was bornlast winter.							
8.	I ate a k	oig sandwich	an hou	<u>r</u> ago).			

- 1. When <u>did</u> you move to Italy?
- 2. Albert Einstein <u>didn't</u> spend his childhood in America.
- 3. My elder son was born <u>in</u> 2009.
- 4. I met a famous artist <u>last</u> year.
- 5. Tony got engaged a year <u>ago</u>.
- 6. Samantha visited her relatives **yesterday** afternoon.
- 7. Jessica went to London the day before yesterday.
- 8. Why <u>did</u> Marie Curie receive a Nobel Prize in 1911?



4 Circle the correct options in the sentences.

- 1. Liam had a great day **vesterday** ago.
- 2. Marta didn't **went** / **go** to Rome last year.
- 3. My children **grow** / **grew** up in a peaceful village.
- 4. Oscar moved to New York to work/ working for in a company.
- 5. Nikola Tesla died in 1943 year.
- 6. Marie Curie won win a special prize twice.
- 7. Helen and Kate got retired last **vear**/hour ago.
- 8. Marla got up early yesterday (o) with revise for her exam.
- 9. When did your brother **graduate** graduated from university?
- 10. Maggie received receives an important award last year.



GRAMMAR TEST

1-8: For these questions, choose the best options to fill in the blanks.

1.		9
	2	

Samuel: When did your grandmother retired?

Dimitra: Ten years ago.

A) get

B) to get

C) got

D) gets

the day before ______.

A) ago
B) last

I won a silver medal in the swimming competition

(C) yesterday

5.

7.

Ray

A) were
C) was

- D) afternoon
- 6. Terry went to London _____ his grandparents.A) visitedB) visit
 - C) visiting

: Where ____

Olivia: In New York.

(D) to visit

B) did

D) to be

_ your kids born?



- Olga (A))was
- B) were

C) did

Tracy

D) is

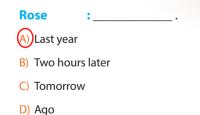
: When did you graduate?

- 8. My grandparents were born in a small town, but they _____ in a big city long time ago.
 - A) die

B) did died

(C) died

D) to die



I got an important prize in the talent show last _____.

l. William : Where _____ they raise their children?

Margret : In America.

A) were

B) was

C) do

D) did

- Which of the following DOES NOT complete the sentence?
- A) year

Stella

- B) yesterday
- C) week

D) autumn



- 10. I. Nora were born in Rome in 1999.
 - II. Albert Einstein grew up in Germany.
 - III. We didn't get married last Saturday.
 - IV. Maggie got retired four years ago.

In which sentence, there is a grammatical mistake?



B) II

C) III

D) IV

- 11. Stacy : Were you born in London, Kate?
 - **Kate**: No, I was born in Cambridge. My parents moved to London when I six months old.
 - Stacy: Oh, really? Did you spend your childhood in London?
 - **Kate**: Yes, I lived there until I finished high school.
 - **Stacy**: When ______you move to Sydney?
 - **Kate**: Ten years ______ . I went there study at university.

Which of the following IS NOT suitable to complete one of the gaps in the conversation?

- A) to
- B) did



D) was

12. Albert Einstein was a brilliant scientist from Germany. He had great theories, ideas and discoveries. He receive the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921.

Which underlined part is WRONG?

- A) was
- B) had



D) in

13.

Tony Reeds	born in 1948. He			
	his childhood in London.			
He studied	medicine at university. He			
a d	doctor in 1972. He got retired			
five years				

Choose the best option to complete the text.

- A) were / spended / become / last
- B) was / spent / became / ago
- C) did / to spend / becomes / yesterday
- D) be / spent / becomed / before

14.

ı.	do	did
II.	go	went
Ш	. try	tryed
IV	. discover	discovered

Which pair is WRONG?

A) I

B) II

(C)

D) IV

15

	Regular verbs
l.	discover
II.	invent
III.	become
IV.	reward

Which word is ODD on the list?

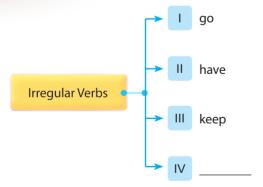
A) I

B) II

(C))II

D) IV

16.



Which option IS NOT suitable to add to the list?

A) make

B) eat

C) get

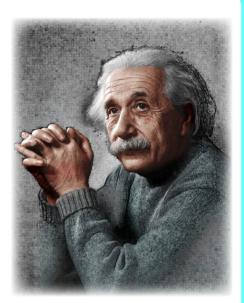
(D))change





A Brilliant Mind

Albert Einstein was a great scientist in history. He was born on the 14th of March, 1879 in Ulm, Germany. He didn't talk until he was four years old. Some people thought that he wasn't an intelligent boy. He wasn't a successful student at school. He didn't like school. His father gave him a pocket compass when he was about five years old. It was his favourite toy. His compass inspired him to explore the science world. When he became older, he went to Switzerland to study. He got a job in a patent office there after his graduation. Einstein married twice. His first wife's name was Mileva Maric (1903-1919) and his second wife's name was Elsa Einstein (1919-1936). Albert moved to New Jersey in America in 1940 and became an American citizen. Albert Einstein had brilliant ideas, theories and discoveries to influence the world. He published the theory of relativity in 1905. He wrote and published more than 300 scientific papers during his lifetime. He received honorary doctorate degrees in science, medicine and philosophy from many European and American universities. He won the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1921. He died in 1955 in America.



A. Read the text. Then mark the statements as T for True, F for False and NG for Not Given.

- 1. He was the top student at school.
- 2. His first wife was a scientist, too.
- 3. He moved to America at the age of sixty-two.
- 4. He received a very special award.
- 5. He was born and died in the same country.

T(F)NG

T/F/NG

T/F)NG

T)F/NG

T/F)NG

B. Tick the questions that have answers in the text.

- 1. Where was he born?
- 2. Why wasn't he a successful student?
- 3. How old was he when he died?
- 4. Where did he meet his second wife?
- 5. What happened when he was twenty-six years old?







DIALOGUES

Complete the dialogue with the questions below.



- **A.** Did he receive any awards during his lifetime
- **B.** Do you know anything about him
- **C.** Can you tell me something about his childhood
- **D.** Where did he grow up

Samantha Grandfather

- I have a piece of homework about Albert Einstein. (1) ______B
- : Of course, I do. He was a brilliant scientist from Germany. His discoveries and ideas changed our world.

Samantha

:(2) D ?

Grandfather

: He spent his childhood in Germany, but later, he moved to America.

Samantha

:(3)

Grandfather Samantha : He couldn't speak until he was four years old. He didn't do well at school. : I'm so surprised. He wasn't successful at school, but he turned into a great

scientist. (4) A ?

Grandfather

: Well, he had many, but the most important one was the Nobel Prize in 1921.

Complete the dialogue with the sentences below.



- **A.** He is an engineer
- **B.** He wanted to earn more money for his family
- C. No, my grandparents moved when he was a baby
- **D.** He worked in different schools in London

Nora: Where was your father born?

Gary: He was born in Cambridge.

Nora : Did he grow up there?

i Did ne grow up there?

Gary : (1) ______

Nora: What is his profession?

Gary : (2) _____ A . He was a teacher ten years ago.

(3) <u>D</u>

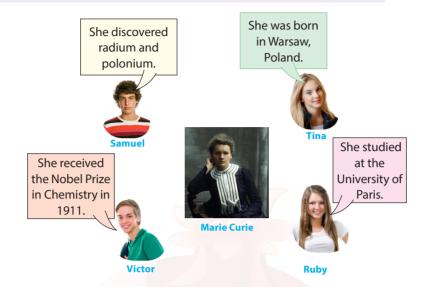
Nora: Why did he change his profession?

Gary : (4) _____ B ____.



UNIT TEST | NEW GENERATION QUESTIONS

1.



gives information about a special award.

Choose the best option to complete the sentence.

A) Tina

B) Samuel

C) Ruby

(D) Victor

2. Ricky: Do you know anything about Nikola Tesla, Nancy?

Nancy: Oh, yes. He was a scientist from Croatia. He was a great electrical engineer and mechanical engineer.

Ricky: Where did he study?

Nancy: He went to Graz University of Technology between 1875–1878.

Ricky: He made great contributions to the design of the modern alternating current (AC) electricity supply

system.

Nancy: Wow! You know lots of things about him. When and where did he die?

Ricky: He died in New York, America in 1943. He was 87 years old when he died.

According to the conversation, Nikola Tesla

Choose the best option to complete the sentence.

- A) had only one profession
- B) graduated from university in 1875
- (C))was born in 1856
- D) died in his birthplace



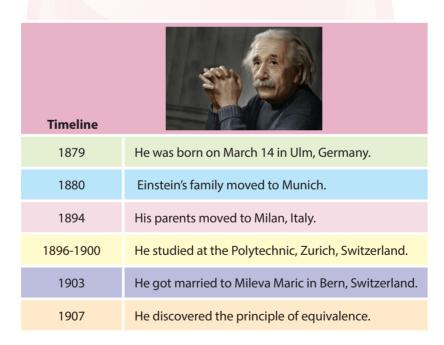


Leonarda Da Vinci was born on April 15, 1452 in Vinci, Italy. He was one of the greatest artists in history. He was also a scientist. Mona Lisa and The Last Supper are his most well-known paintings in the world. He died in 1519 in Amboise, Kingdom of France.

Which of the following DOES NOT have an answer in the text?

- A) What was his profession?
- B) What is the name of his birthplace?
- C) How old was he when he died?
- D) Where did he grow up?

4.



Which of the following is CORRECT according to the information above?

- (A) He was a baby when his family moved to Munich.
- B) He was born in Switzerland.
- C) He was forty years old when he married.
- D) He spent his childhood in Milan.





Reporter :?
Aziz Sancar: In Savur, Mardin.
Reporter :?
Aziz Sancar: Yes, I lived there until I finished high school.
Reporter :?
Aziz Sancar: Medicine.
Which of the following questions DOES NOT the reporter ask Aziz Sancar?
A) What did you study at university
B) When did you graduate from university
C) Did you grow up there
D) Where were you born

6.



My grandfather was born in 1950. He grew up in a small village. He went to primary and secondary school in the village. He moved to London to study at university. He studied engineering at university. He worked in many different companies. He's retired now.

Lucas

In the text, there is NO information about his _____

Choose the best option to complete the sentence.

- A) profession
- B) education
- C) date of birth



7.



Which of the following is WRONG according to the information above?

- A) He was born and died in the same city.
- C) He was a successful musician.

- B) He had different professions.
- D) He died at the age of sixty.



8.



Nora: Is your grandfather retired? **Bella:** Yes, he got retired five years ago.

Nora: ______?

Bella: He was an engineer

Which of the following completes the conversation?

- A) Where did he grow up
- C) When did he win a medal

- B) What was his profession
 - D) How many grandchildren did he have
- 9. Benjamin: You read some books about Mozart, Kelly. I need some information about him. _____?
 - **Kelly** : In Salzburg, Austria. He composed incredible pieces of music when he was a child. He had a great

influence on music world. He could play the piano and the violin at the age of six.

Benjamin: Wow! That's unbelievable. _____?

Kelly : Yes, but he moved to Vienna when he was 25 years old.

Benjamin: _____?

Kelly: In 1791.

Benjamin :Are you kidding?

Kelly : No, I'm not. He was only thirty-five years old.

Which of the following questions DOES NOT take place in the conversation?

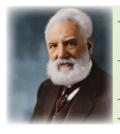
(A) How did he spend his childhood

B) When did he die

C) Did he grow up in Salzburg

D) Where was he born

10.



: March 3, 1847 in Edinburgh,

Scotland

: August 2, 1922 in Nova

Scotia, Canada

: Inventor

:The telephone

Which question DOES NOT have an answer?

- A) What is the name of his birthplace?
- B) When did he invent the telephone?
- C) Where did he die?
- D) What was his profession?

